

## 七年级英语下 每日一练 (1)

### 一、阅读理解

The young boy in the picture is Brady. He is the ASPCA Kid of the Year 2019 (2019 年美国防止虐待动物协会的年度孩子). Brady does many things to help police dogs.

Brady wants to be a policeman. He always dresses up as a policeman. And he likes to watch TV shows about the police. He finds that not all of the police dogs have a bulletproof vest (防弹衣). It is not safe for them. Brady wants to buy a bulletproof vest for a dog. But a bulletproof vest is 1,200 dollars and he doesn't have so much money. So the little boy does many things to make money, like selling food. He also calls on other people to love police dogs. With the help of other people, he buys four bulletproof vests for the police dogs.

Now Brady and his mum start a group to help police dogs. Lots of people join the group.

1. Why is Brady the ASPCA Kid of the Year 2019?

- A. He does many things to help other people. B. He does many things to help the police.  
C. He does many things to help police dogs. D. He does many things to help other children.

2. What does Brady want to be? A. a policeman B. a pilot C. a driver D. a doctor

3. How much is a bulletproof vest? A. 1,200 yuan B. 120 yuan C. 1,200 dollars D. 120 dollars

4. The words "calls on" mean \_\_\_\_\_ in Chinese. A. 安排 B. 号召 C. 依靠 D. 追赶

### 二、单项选择

5. — \_\_\_\_\_ I swim here?—I'm sorry. Children \_\_\_\_\_ swim alone here. It's very dangerous.

- A. Must; can't B. May; shouldn't C. Can; mustn't D. Can; needn't

6. — Where do you live \_\_\_\_\_? — I live in a town 15 miles \_\_\_\_\_ Suzhou.

- A. /; away from B. /; far away from C. in; far from D. in; away from

7. There are more than \_\_\_\_\_ books in our school library.

- A. two thousand B. thousands of C. hundreds of D. thousand

8. —Excuse me, can you tell me how to say 5,607,813 in English?—Yes. \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. Five million six hundred and seven thousand eight hundred and thirteen  
B. Five millions six hundreds and seven thousands eight hundreds and thirteen  
C. Five million six hundred and seven thousand and eight hundred and thirteen  
D. Five million and six hundred and seven thousand and eight hundred and thirteen

9. — \_\_\_\_\_ is it from your home to your school? —It is about 10 minutes' ride.

- A. How long B. How soon C. How far D. How often

### 三、单词拼写

10. Let's stay at home and watch a \_\_\_\_\_ /'vɪdiəʊ/ today.

11. How happy the volunteers are \_\_\_\_\_ (share) different skills here!

12. \_\_\_\_\_ (百万) of birds come to the lake to spend winter every year.

13. For weekend fun, you can go to a farm to find a strawberry \_\_\_\_\_ (a planting area of open land) to pick strawberries by yourself.

14. They are organizing the \_\_\_\_\_ (thirty-nine) sports meeting of their school.

### 四、短文填空

阅读短文, 用括号内所给词的适当形式填空, 必要时可加助动词。

Tony is a penfriend of \_\_\_\_\_ 15 \_\_\_\_\_ (I). He is from Italy. His school \_\_\_\_\_ 16 \_\_\_\_\_ (have) a big library with lots of books. Tony likes \_\_\_\_\_ 17 \_\_\_\_\_ (read) books about China because he is interested in China. China is different from his country, so he wants \_\_\_\_\_ 18 \_\_\_\_\_ (know) how the Chinese live every day.

He often meets some \_\_\_\_\_ 19 \_\_\_\_\_ (China) in the streets. They are all \_\_\_\_\_ 20 \_\_\_\_\_ (friend) to him. Sometimes he asks them some questions in Chinese. They all answer him kindly. But they sometimes \_\_\_\_\_ 21 \_\_\_\_\_ (not understand) him.

Last month, Tony went to Beijing. He \_\_\_\_\_ 22 \_\_\_\_\_ (visit) many places of interest. When he arrived at the Great Wall, he couldn't believe his \_\_\_\_\_ 23 \_\_\_\_\_ (eye). It was so great! He stayed in Beijing for about a week and then he went to Xi'an.

Tony likes China very much and he hopes \_\_\_\_\_ 24 \_\_\_\_\_ (visit) China again sometime next year.

## 五、课堂链接

1. —Why is Haidilao so popular among young people?—That's because it does a lot of things to \_\_\_\_\_ the guests' needs.  
A. cause                      B. hide                      C. meet                      D. avoid
2. —Last night, I had a bad dream. I dreamed I just fell deep down into a pond.—\_\_\_\_\_.  
A. Dream is a dream                      B. May you luck                      C. Congratulations D. That's OK
3. —Do you like \_\_\_\_\_ basketball?—Yes, but I'm busy \_\_\_\_\_ my homework now.  
A. playing, to do                      B. to play, to do                      C. to play, doing D. play, doing
4. It's raining \_\_\_\_\_ now, so we can \_\_\_\_\_ go out.  
A. hard; harder                      B. hard; hardly                      C. hardly; hard                      D. hardly; hardest
5. —I need a piece of paper \_\_\_\_\_. Can you lend me one?—Sure, here you are.  
A. to write                      B. to write with                      C. writing with                      D. to write on
6. —I don't have a partner \_\_\_\_\_. —Maybe you should join a study group.  
A. to practice English                      B. to practice English with                      C. practicing English
7. —I'd love to go hiking with you, but I have much homework \_\_\_\_\_. —If you don't go, \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. doing; so do I                      B. to do; neither will I                      C. to doing; so will I                      D. to do; neither do I
8. The speed of a maglev (磁悬浮) train is \_\_\_\_\_ higher than \_\_\_\_\_ of a traditional one.  
A. more; one                      B. much; that                      C. so; it
9. Sam finds sweeping robots (扫地机器人) useful, and he wants to buy \_\_\_\_\_ for his grandma.  
A. it                      B. one                      C. this                      D. that
10. The little boy always dreams about \_\_\_\_\_ (climb) Mount Huang someday.

### 参考答案:

1. C    2. A    3. C    4. B

【分析】文章大意：文章主要讲述了 2019 年 ASPCA 年度儿童 Brady 帮助警犬的事情，他通过做很多事情赚钱以及在别人的帮助下给警犬买了四件防弹衣，还和妈妈妈妈成立了一个团体来帮助警犬，并且很多人加入了这个团体。

1. 细节理解题。根据“Brady does many things to help police dogs.”可知，Brady 能成为 2019 年美国防止虐待动物协会的年度孩子，是因为他做了很多事情来帮助警犬。故选 C。

2. 细节理解题。根据“Brady wants to be a policeman.”可知，Brady 想成为一名警察，故选 A。

3. 细节理解题。根据“But a bulletproof vest is 1,200 dollars....”可知，一件防弹背心需要 1200 美元，故选 C。

4. 词义猜测题。根据下文“With the help of other people, he buys four bulletproof vests for the police dogs.”在别人的帮助下，他给警犬买了四件防弹衣。结合“He also calls on other people to love police dogs.”可知是他还号召其他人热爱警犬。因此“calls on”应是“号召”的意思，故选 B。

5. C

【详解】句意：——我可以在这里游泳吗？——非常抱歉。孩子禁止独自在这里游泳。非常危险。

考查情态动词。must 必须；can't 不能；may 可以，表请求；shouldn't 不应该；can 可以，表请求；mustn't 禁止；needn't 不必。第一个空根据“I'm sorry.”可知，上文应是表示请求，故排除 A；第二个空根据“It's very dangerous.”可知，这里很危险，故孩子应禁止独自在这里游泳。故选 C。

6. A

【详解】句意：——你住在哪里？——我住在距离苏州 15 英里的一个城镇里。

考查介词短语。where“在哪里”，作状语，不需要介词；“far away from”意为“距某地很远”，当前面有具体的距离数值时，不加 far。故选 A。

7. A

【详解】句意：我们学校图书馆有两千多本书。

考查数词的用法。two thousand 两千；thousands of 成千上万的.....；hundreds of 数以百计的；thousand 千。由空前的“more than”可知，此处要用具体数字 two thousand；“more than+数词”表示“不止.....”。故选 A。

8. A

【详解】句意：——打扰一下，你能告诉我怎样用英语说 5607,813 吗？——是的。五百六十万零七千八百一十三。

考查基数词表达。根据“5,607,813”可知，million, thousand, hundred 前面有具体数字时，其后不能加 s，可排除 B 选项；后三位的 813 是百位数，读作 eight hundred and thirteen；倒数第一个分节号前读作 thousand，即 six hundred and seven thousand；倒数第二个分节号前读作 million，即 Five million。故选 A。

9. C

【详解】句意：——从你们家到学校有多远？——大约十分钟的车程。A. How long 多长时间，用来询问时间长短；B. How soon 多久以后，对将来的一段时间提问；C. How far 多远，用来询问距离远近；D. How often 多久一次，用来询问频率。根据答语可知，问句是询问距离，故答案为 C。

10. video

【详解】句意：让我们今天待在家看录像吧。根据音标可知此空填 video，意思为“视频、录

像”，为名词，空前有“a”，后接原形。故填 video。

11. to share

【详解】句意：志愿者们在这里分享不同的技能是多么开心啊！此句是感叹句，结构为 How+形容词+主谓。所以空处及后面属于其他部分。此处应用动词不定式作原因状语，be happy to do sth“做某事很开心”。故填 to share。

12. Millions

【详解】句意：每年都有数以百万计的鸟类来到湖边过冬。“百万”million，millions of“数以百万计的”，是固定短语。故填 Millions。

13. field

【详解】句意：为了让周末愉快，你可以去农场找一块草莓田，自己摘草莓。“a planting area of open land”表示“开放的种植区域”，可以用 field，表示“田地；田野”，可数名词，空前有 a 修饰，此处使用名词单数形式。故填 field。

14. thirty-ninth

【详解】句意：他们正在组织学校第三十九届运动会。由空前面的 the 可知，这里应该用序数词，thirty-nine 的序数词为 thirty-ninth。故填 thirty-ninth。

15. mine    16. has    17. reading    18. to know    19. Chinese    20. friendly  
21. don't understand    22. visited    23. eyes    24. to visit

【导语】本文介绍了作者的笔友托尼。托尼来自意大利，他对中国感兴趣，非常喜欢中国。

15. 句意：托尼是我的一个笔友。根据“a penfriend of ...”可知此处指我的很多笔友中的一个，用名词性物主代词 mine 表示“我的”。故填 mine。

16. 句意：他的学校有一个有很多书的大图书馆。陈述客观事实，用一般现在时，主语“His school”后接动词第三人称单数形式 has。故填 has。

17. 句意：托尼喜欢读关于中国的书因为他对中国感兴趣。like doing sth.“喜欢做某事”，此处用动名词 reading。故填 reading。

18. 句意：中国不同于他的国家，因此他想知道中国人每天如何生活。want to do sth.“想要做某事”。故填 to know。

19. 句意：他经常在街上见到一些中国人。根据“They are all ... (friend) to him.”可推出见到的是中国人，Chinese“中国人”，some 后接其复数形式 Chinese。故填 Chinese。

20. 句意：他们都对他很友好。be friendly to sb.“对某人友好”。故填 friendly。

21. 句意：但他们有时不明白他说的。根据“sometimes”可知用一般现在时，主语“they”后借助助动词 don't 构成否定句，其后接动词原形。故填 don't understand。

22. 句意：他参观了许多名胜古迹。根据“Last month”可知用一般过去时，visit 的过去式 visited。故填 visited。

23. 句意：当他到达万里长城时，他不敢相信自己的眼睛。人有两只眼睛，用复数。故填 eyes。

24. 句意：托尼非常喜欢中国，他希望明年某个时候再次访问中国。hope to do sth.“希望做某事”。故填 to visit。

### 课堂链接

1. C

【详解】句意：——为什么海底捞在年轻人中如此受欢迎？——因为它做了很多事情来满足客人的需求。

考查动词辨析。cause 造成; hide 隐藏; meet 满足; avoid 避免。根据“it does a lot of things to...the guests' needs”可知, 此处是指海底捞能满足客人的需求, 所以它非常受欢迎, 考查 meet one's needs“满足某人的需求”, 动词短语。故选 C。

2. A

【详解】句意: ——昨晚, 我做了一个噩梦。我梦见自己掉进了一个池塘里。——梦就是梦。考查情景交际。Dream is a dream 梦就是梦; May you luck 祝你好运; Congratulations 恭喜, 祝贺; That's OK 没关系。根据上文“Last night, I had a bad dream...”可知, 回答是“梦就是梦, 不是真的”。故选 A。

3. C

【详解】句意: ——你喜欢打篮球吗? ——是的, 但是我正在忙着做作业。考查非谓语动词。like to do sth 表示喜欢做某事, be busy doing sth 表示忙于做某事。故选 C。

4. B

【详解】句意: 现在雨下得很大, 因此我们几乎不能出去。考查副词辨析。hard 形容词原级, 困难的、坚硬的; 副词原级, 努力地、猛烈地; harder 比较级; hardly 副词原级, 几乎不; hardest 最高级。第一空, 表示雨下得大, 用副词 hard; 第二空, 雨大导致我们不能出去, 用副词 hardly。故选 B。

5. D

【详解】句意: ——我需要一张写字的纸。你能借给我一张吗? ——当然, 给你。考查动词不定式和动词短语。write 写; write with 用.....写; write on 在.....上写。分析题干可知, 空格处应使用动词不定式作定语, 可先排除 C。“在纸上写字”用 write on the paper 表示。故选 D。

6. B

【详解】句意: ——我没有可以一起练习英语的伙伴。——也许你应该加入一个学习小组。考查非谓语动词及动词短语。practice sth. with sb. 表示“与某人练习某事”, 此处用动词不定式作后置定语。故选 B。

7. B

【详解】句意: ——我想和你一起徒步旅行, 但我有很多家庭作业要做。——如果你不去, 我也不去。

考查非谓语动词以及倒装句。第一空修饰名词 homework, 应填动词不定式作定语, 排除 A 和 C 选项。neither+助动词+I, 表示前面的否定情况也同样适用于后者。if 引导的条件状语从句, 主句用一般将来时结构, 故选 B。

8. B

【详解】句意: 磁悬浮列车的速度比传统列车要快得多。考查比较级的修饰词和 that 的用法。higher 是比较级不用 more 修饰, 排除 A。one 泛指一个; that 可用来比较可数名词单数或不可数名词; it 特指某物。根据“The speed of a maglev (磁悬浮) train is...higher than...of a traditional one.”可知, 比较的是磁悬浮列车和传统列车的速度, 用 that 指代。故选 B。

9. B

【详解】句意: 山姆发现扫地机器人很有用, 他想要给外婆买一个。考查普通不定代词。it 它; one 一个; this 这个; that 那个。此处指代“sweeping robots”中的一个。故选 B。

10. climbing

【详解】句意: 这个小男孩总是梦想有一天能登上黄山。climb“爬”, 动词, 介词“about”后接动名词作宾语, dream about doing sth“梦想着做某事”。故填 climbing。