

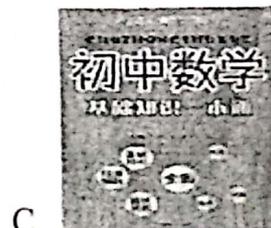
苏州市振华中学校
2019—2020学年第一学期初三年级阶段性测试
英语试卷
2019. 10. 12

一、听力 (20分)

第一节 (共10小题)

听下面10段短对话，每段对话后有一个小题，从题中A、B、C三个选项
中选出最佳选项。听完每段对话后，你都有10秒钟的时间来回答有关小题和阅
读下一小题。每段对话读两遍。

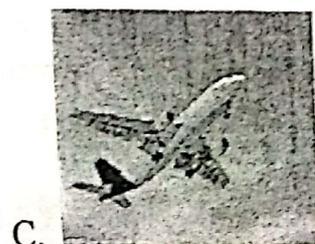
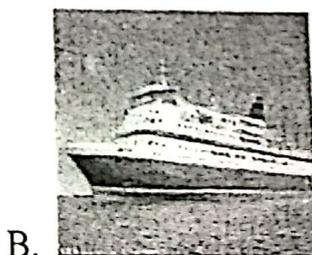
1. What is the girl's favourite subject?



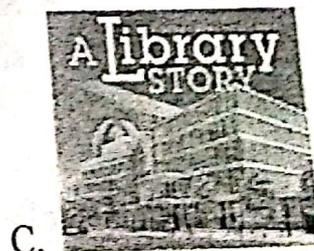
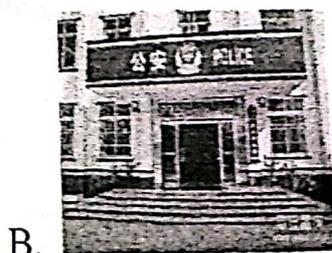
2. What does the girl want to be?



3. How will the man go to Dalian?



4. Where does the dialogue probably take place?



5. Why do they wear strange glasses?
 A. Because they like them.
 B. Because they can keep their eyes safe.
 C. Because they want to be cool.
6. What is Kate going to do after supper?
 A. She is going to get ready for her talk.
 B. She is going to take a walk with the man.
 C. She is going to give a talk on environment.
7. What did the boy use to be like?
 A. Friendly B. Shy C. Brave
8. What problems do most students have now?
 A. They can't sleep at night. B. They have too much homework.
 C. They worry too much.
9. What's the most probable relationship between the speakers?
 A. Teacher and student B. Cook and waiter C. Doctor and patient
10. How long has the man's wife been here?
 A. For ten years. B. For eight years. C. For twelve years.

第二节 听对话和短文回答问题 (10分)

你将听到一段对话和两篇短文，各听两遍。听每段对话或短文前，你将有时间阅读相关小题，每小题5秒钟；听完后，你仍有5秒钟的时间作答。
 听第一段对话，回答11-12小题。答题完毕，请等待“滴”的信号进入第一篇短文。

11. Why does the man look tired?
 A. Because he went cycling with a friend and forgot the time.
 B. Because he did his homework and forgot the time.
 C. Because he watched TV very late and forgot the time.
12. What does the woman ask him to do?
 A. She wants him to walk around the city slowly.
 B. She wants him to do his homework earlier.
 C. She wants him to go to bed earlier.

听第一篇短文，完成信息记录表

Keep good eyesight	
First	After you have studied <u>13</u> or so, have a rest by looking in the long distance.
Second	Don't read in the sun or in a poor light, don't read in bed or in a moving bus, and keep the book away from your eyes for about <u>14</u> .
Third	Do <u>15</u> every day.

13. A. half an hour B. an hour C. 35 minutes
 14. A. two inches B. a foot C. two feet
 15. A. morning exercises B. after-school activities C. eye exercises

听第二篇短文，回答第 16 至 20 题。

16. Where were Americans getting ready to send the first men to?
A. The sun. B. The Mars. C. The moon.
17. What were a Frenchman and an Englishman doing?
A. Reading newspapers. B. Drinking. C. Watching a TV play.
18. What did the Englishman think of the Americans?
A. Clever. B. Hard-working. C. Foolish.
19. Did the Frenchman agree with the Englishman?
A. Yes, he did.. B. No, he didn't. C. No, he agreed.
20. When he heard the Frenchman's words, why was the Englishman surprised?
A. Because he thought the sun was too hot.
B. Because he thought the sun was too far.
C. Because he thought the Frenchman was foolish.

二、单项填空(共 10 小题; 每小题 1 分, 满分 10 分)

21. I like _____ colour of this skirt. It is _____ good match for my blouse.
A. a; the B. the; a C. a; a D. the; the
22. We must be strict _____ ourselves and be strict _____ our work.
A. in, with B. with, in C. in, in D. with, with
23. Neither Kate nor her cousin _____ to Russia, but _____ of them have known the country very well.
A. have been; neither B. have gone; either
C. has been; both D. has gone; both
24. Most boys _____ blue to pink while most girls _____ wear pink than blue.
A. would rather, prefer B. prefer, would rather
C. would rather, would rather D. prefer, prefer
25. I never doubt _____.
A. that Gulliver in Lilliput is worth reading
B. whether Gulliver in Lilliput is worth reading
C. if Gulliver in Lilliput is worth reading it
D. that Gulliver in Lilliput is worth being reading
26. — Cindy failed in the writing competition. She must be in a bad mood.
— Let's go and _____.
A. wake her up B. cheer her up C. pick her up D. give her up
27. Friendship is _____ wine. The longer we keep it, the tastier it will be.
A. as soon as B. as good as C. as well as D. as long as
28. ---How was the weather yesterday?
---It was terrible. It rained _____. People could _____ go out.
A. hardly, hardly B. hard, hard C. hardly, hard D. hard, hardly

- 29.—The colour fits her. She looks lovely _____ blue.
 —That's right. But I think pink looks more lovely _____ her.
 A. in; in B. in; on C. on; on D. on; in
- 30.—So you gave her your mobile phone?
 —_____. She said she'd return it to me after she had hers fixed.
 A. My pleasure B. Not exactly C. With pleasure D. No problem

三、完形填空(共 10 小题; 每小题 1 分, 满分 10 分)

Driving a car at a high speed along a highway seems to be fun. You only need to 31 the bright traffic signs beside the highway and it will take you where you wish to go.

But to a London taxi driver, driving is not an easy job. A taxi driver needs to have not only good driving skills but also a good 32 of the city of London, from the 33 street to the most popular restaurant around. He has to be at the service of all kinds of passengers at all times.

A London taxi driver said the following about his job.

During the night it is 34 for him to stop two or three times for some food. He said, "I never 35 when I'm working, otherwise, I'd lose my license (驾驶证)." "

He usually goes home between two and three o'clock in the morning. There are times he has to stay 36 and try to make more runs. He said, "That's the worst thing about working for yourself. If you don't make money, no one is going to 37 it to you."

London taxi drivers not only "take" but also "give". Every summer hundreds of poor 38 from London go for a day at the sea — by taxi! Their rides are 39 by the taxi drivers. At the sea, they are met by the mayor (市长), and a lunch party is also held for the taxi drivers and the children. After a happy day's running around the 40 and visiting the market there, the children go home again by taxi, free of charge of course!

- | | | | |
|------------------|--------------|--------------|---------------|
| 31. A. catch | B. Meet | C. follow | D. throw |
| 32. A. taste | B. Knowledge | C. dream | D. teacher |
| 33. A. noisiest | B. coldest | C. dirtiest | D. loneliest |
| 34. A. usual | B. Strange | C. dangerous | D. impossible |
| 35. A. speak | B. sing | C. run | D. drink |
| 36. A. shorter | B. longer | C. earlier | D. higher |
| 37. A. give | B. lend | C. send | D. return |
| 38. A. elderly | B. farmers | C. patients | D. children |
| 39. A. paid | B. borrowed | C. sent | D. spent |
| 40. A. buildings | B. mountains | C. beaches | D. roads |

四、阅读理解（共 12 小题；每小题 2 分，满分 24 分）

(A)

Postman wanted No experience necessary but you must be hardworking. Free to choose working hours. Have a driver's license. Write to No. 38 Changhong Rd, Xiangyang.	English teacher wanted Warm and patient college students. Able to speak standard English, good with children. Time: on weekends. E-mail address: Sunshine School @163.com.
Taxi drivers wanted Full-time taxi drivers. Over five years' experience, good knowledge of the city. Under 45 years old. For more information, please come to Shunda Taxi Company to visit the manager.	Tour guides wanted Two year's working experience. Good English and good at talking to people. Age: 20-30. Go to Friendship Traveling Company to ask the Manager for more information.

41. If you want to be a postman, it's necessary for you to have _____.
- A. working experience B. good knowledge of the city
 C. a driver's license D. a college student's card
42. If you want to be a taxi driver, you should _____.
- A. be over 45 years old B. know the city very well
 C. write to No. 38 Changhong Rd. D. speak English well
43. You cannot get information by _____ if you want to get a job above.
- A. making a call B. going to visit the manager
 C. sending an e-mail D. writing a letter

(B)

Once there was a man traveling in a faraway village. As he was passing the elephants, he suddenly stopped. He found that these huge elephants were being held by only a small rope tied to their front leg. No chains(锁链), no cages. It was clear that the elephants could, at any time, break away from their ropes but for some reason, they did not.

He saw a trainer nearby and asked why these animals just stood there and didn't try to get away. "Well," the trainer said, "when they are very young and much smaller we use the same size rope to tie them and, at that age, it's enough to hold them. As they grow up, they still believe they cannot break away. They believe the rope can hold them, so they never try to break free."

How could it be? These animals could at any time break free from their ropes.

But because they always stuck right where they were, they believed they couldn't. Just like the elephants, how many of us go through life believing that we cannot do something, just because we failed at it once before?

We should never give up the struggle(挣扎) in life.

44. Why do the elephants never try up to break free from the ropes?
- A. Because they think they cannot.
 - B. Because they are too old to do it.
 - C. Because they like their living places.
 - D. Because they get on well with the trainer.
45. How did the man feel after he heard what the trainer said?
- A. Moved B. Surprised C. Angry D. Nervous
46. What can we learn from this passage?
- A. Failing is part of learning.
 - B. We should be different from others.
 - C. Helping animals is helping ourselves.
 - D. Traveling always makes people relaxed

(C)

One day Alice runs after a strange rabbit and comes into a deep hole. She becomes smaller when she wakes up the next day. She finds herself in a wonderland with many amazing things inside.)

The Caterpillar(毛毛虫) and Alice looked at each other for some time in silence. At last the Caterpillar took the pipe out of its mouth, and said to her in a tired, sleepy voice.

"Who are YOU?" said the Caterpillar.

This opening for a talk couldn't make Alice at ease. Alice replied, rather shyly, "I — I hardly know, sir, just at present — at least I know who I was when I got up this morning, but I think I must have been changed several times since then."

"What do you mean by that?" said the Caterpillar, "Explain yourself!"

"I can't explain MYSELF. I'm afraid, sir." said Alice, "because I'm not myself, you see."

"I don't see." said the Caterpillar.

"I'm afraid I can't put it more clearly." Alice replied very politely, "For I can't understand it myself. And being so many different sizes in a day is very puzzling."

"It isn't." said the Caterpillar.

"Well, perhaps you haven't found it so yet." said Alice. "But when you have to turn into a chrysalis(蛹, 茧)—you will someday, you know — and then after that into a butterfly, I think you'll feel it a little stranger, won't you?"

"Not a bit." said the Caterpillar.

"Well, perhaps your feelings may be different," said Alice. "All I know is, it would make ME feel very strange."

"You!" said the Caterpillar scornfully. "Who are YOU?" The question brought them back again to the beginning of the talk. Alice felt a little angry because the Caterpillar was making such VERY short sentences. She drew herself up and said very seriously, "I think you ought to tell me who YOU are first."

"Why?" said the Caterpillar.

Here was another puzzling question. As Alice could not think out any good reason, and as the Caterpillar seemed to be very unpleasant, she turned away. "Come back!" the Caterpillar called after her. "I've something important to tell you!"

This certainly gave Alice some hope. Alice turned and came back again.

47. Why did Alice think she was not herself?

- A. Because she was too young to understand the changes.
- B. Because being changed several times in a day made her feel puzzled.
- C. Because she didn't like her changes.
- D. Because she didn't feel very well.

48. Put the following statements in the correct order according to the story.

- ① Alice drew herself up.
- ② Alice used an example to explain the changes to herself.
- ③ Alice couldn't explain herself.
- ④ Alice turned away.
- ⑤ Alice looked at Caterpillar for some time in silence.

A. ⑤②③④① B. ⑤②③①④ C. ⑤③②④① D. ⑤③②①④

49. Which of the following sentences can be added to the end of the story?

- A. "Don't be silly. You are still yourself." said the Caterpillar.
- B. "Don't be angry. You think you're changed, do you?" said the Caterpillar.
- C. "Don't be sad. You'll grow bigger again." said the Caterpillar.
- D. "Don't be afraid. You can go home now." said the Caterpillar.

(D)

There are several ways you can find out about the countries and places you wish to visit. You can talk to friends who have traveled to the places, you can go and see a colour film about them, or you can read a travel book.

It seems that there are three kinds of travel books. The first are those that give a personal, subjective(主观的) idea of travels which their writer has got himself. These books can be useful if the writers share their traveling experiences with others. The second kind are those books which give objective(客观的) information of things to be done and seen. If a cultured person has written such a book about the facts of a place, then it is more useful. The third kind are those books which are called "a guide" to

六、句子翻译（共5小题；每小题2分，满分10分）

63. 这个工程师很有条理，总是把他的房间保持得井然有序。

64. 我们别无选择只能在考试中注意每一个细节。

65. 对于做那个决定，你最好三思而后行。

66. 我不知道我应该和谁分享我的忧虑。

67. 蓝色墙壁能给我们的身心带来安宁。

七、阅读表达（共3小题；第1题1分，第2题2分，第3题3分，满分6分）

We parents like to make sure that our children are eating well and getting all the nutrients(营养)they need. Children need two or three kinds of vegetables every day.

A simple way to get children to eat vegetables is eating them ourselves. Following our habit, they may start eating vegetables. Don't say things like, "If you eat your vegetables, you can have desserts(餐后甜食)". These methods work for a while but can possibly lead them to hate vegetables more. Giving your children new varieties(多样性)will help her or him develop a taste for trying new things.

Sometimes the simple things just don't work. We have to start becoming a little creative when it comes to making our children eat these vegetables. By doing this in the beginning when they are small, it will hopefully help them learn to love vegetables.

Think of creative ways to make children eat vegetables. For example, cut up vegetables like carrots, tomatoes, and assemble(集合)a creative way on a plate for an afternoon snack. Or try using cheese sauce either by dipping(浸)vegetables or by putting the cheese right on top of the uncooked vegetables.

If you prefer, you can also add a teaspoon of sugar on top of cooked green beans and peas to give them a little sweeter taste. Doing this shouldn't lead to a sweet tooth as long as you only give them a small amount.

If you have a child that refuses to eat vegetables, some of the advice I've listed will help to turn that around. In the end, you're not just getting them to eat vegetables; you are helping them to live a healthier lifestyle.

68. How many kinds of vegetables does a child need every day?

69. What is this article mainly talking about?

70. Do you like the ways your parents make you eat vegetables? Why or Why not?

七、书面表达(共 1 题;满分 10 分)

假如你叫 Billy, 是苏州市某初级中学的一名九年级学生, 你校将组织由学生推选“最受欢迎的教师”的评选活动。你准备写一封推荐信给校长 Mr Liu, 推荐你的英语老师 Mrs Lin 当选, 请你根据要点提示写一封电子邮件给 Mr Liu。

内容要点如下:

1. 自从大学毕业, 教英语已二十年; 有丰富的教学经验。工作达到高标准。
2. 她上课风趣幽默, 她总是尽最大努力使她的课生动有趣。
3. 对我们很有耐心, 课后常为我们解释语法;
4. 善良并充满爱心, 上学期.....
5. 她最喜欢橙色, 因为橙色.....

注意:

1. 推荐信须包括所有内容要点, 要求语句通顺、意思连贯;
2. 须包括所有要点, 可适当发挥;
3. 词数 90 个左右, 推荐信的开头和结尾句已给出, 不计入总词数。

Dear Mr Liu,

I am writing to recommend our English teacher Mrs Lin as one of the Most Popular Teachers.

I think Mrs Lin is the most suitable person to be the Most Popular Teacher. I hope that you agree with us.

Yours sincerely,

Billy